, Serial No. 09,510,667

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Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the

application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (currently amended) A dust repelling unit to be placed in a gas laser unit in

front of a laser optical element, comprising:

a high-voltage duct comprising a high-voltage conducting core having a first end and a

second end and an insulator element disposed around the core, the first end of the core being

connectable to a high voltage power supply; and

a closed wire loop electrically connected to the second end of the high-voltage core; and

wherein when connected to a high voltage power supply, the closed wire loop creates an

electric field for charging and repelling dust particles.

Claim 2 (previously presented) A dust repelling unit of claim 1, wherein the high-

voltage duct comprises a coaxial duct.

Claim 3 (previously presented) A dust repelling unit of claim 2, wherein the insulator

element of the high-voltage duct comprises a cylindrical ceramic tube and the core is coaxially

disposed within the ceramic tube.

Claim 4 (previously presented) A gas laser, comprising:

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a tube having a first end wall at one end and second end wall at the other end and defining a cavity for containing a laser gas;

an elongated high voltage electrode within the tube and extending parallel to the longitudinal axis of the tube;

an elongated ground electrode within the tube, the ground electrode extending parallel to the high voltage electrode and being spaced apart from the high voltage electrode to therby define a gas discharge gap therebetween;

a laser resonating path in axial alignment with the gas discharge gap;

a first laser optical element disposed in the laser resonating path and having a first side exposed to the cavity formed by the tube; and

a dust repelling unit comprising (1) a high-voltage duct copmrising a high-voltage conducting core having a first end and a second end and an insulator element disposed around the core, the first end of the core being connectable to a high voltage power supply, and (2) a closed wire loop electrically connected to the second end of the high-voltage core; wherein

the dust repelling unit is mounted to the laser tube so that the wire loop is disposed inside the tube in proximity to the first side of the optical element, and the wire loop is transverse to the resonating path so that the resonating path passes through the wire loop.

Claim 5 (previously presented) A gas laser according to claim 4, wherein the optical element comprises an optical element selected from the group consisting of a fully reflective mirror, a partially transparent, partially reflective mirror, and a fully transparent window.

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Claim 6 (previously presented) A gas laser according to claim 4, wherein the optical

element is mounted on the first end wall and comprises an optical element selected from the

group consisting of a fully reflective mirror, a partially transparent, partially reflective mirror,

and a fully transparent window.

Claim 7 (previously presented) A gas laser according to claim 6, further comprising:

a second optical elements disposed in the laser resonating path and mounted on the

second end wall of the laser tube, wherein the second optical element includes a first side

exposed to the cavity formed by the tube, and the second optical elements is selected from the

group consisting of a fully reflective mirror, a partially transparent, partially reflective mirror,

and a fully transparent window; and

a second dust repelling unit mounted to the laser tube so that the wire loop is disposed

inside the tube in proximity to the first side of the second optical element, and the wire loop is

transverse to the resonating path so that the resonating path passes through the wire loop.

Claim 8 (previously presented) A gas laser according to claim 4, wherein the high-

voltage duct comprises a coaxial duct.

Claim 9 (previously presented) A gas laser according to claim 5, wherein the insulator

element of the high-voltage duct comprises a cylindrical ceramic tube and a core is coaxially

disposed within the ceramic tube.

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Claim 10 (previously presented) A gas laser according to claim 4, wherein the high

voltage duct of the dust repelling unit extends through the first end wall.

Claim 11 (previously presented) A gas laser according to claim 6, wherein the high

voltage duct of the dust repelling unit extends through the first end wall.

Claim 12 (previously presented) A gas according to claim 4, wherein the laser gas is an

excimer laser gas.

Claim 13 (previously presented) A method for installing a dust repelling unit for a laser

optical element of a gas laser comprising a tube having a first end wall at one end and a second

end wall at the other end and defining a cavity for containing a laser gas, a laser resonating path

substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis of the tube and along which coherent light can

resonate, and a laser optical element having a first side exposed to the cavity formed by the tube,

the laser optical element being mounted to the first end wall so that the first side of the optical

element is disposed in the laser resonating path, and wherein the dust repelling unit for the

optical element comprises (1) a high-voltage duct comprising a high-voltage conducting core

having a first end and a second end and an insulator element disposed around the core, the first

end of the core being connectable to the high voltage power supply, and (2) a closed wire loop

electrically connected to the second end of the high-voltage core, the method comprising the

steps of:

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flattening the wire loop into an elongated shape so that the width of the wire loop is

smaller that the diameter of a bore hole extending through the first end wall,

inserting the wire loop through the bore hole until the elongated wire loop is inside the

tube;

expanding the elongated wire loop to a desired form which is transverse to the resonating

path; and

positioning the wire loop of desired form so that it is in proximity to the first side of the

optical element and the laser resonating path passes through the wire loop.

Claim 14 (previously presented) A method according to claim 13, wherein the desired

form is a circular form.

Claim 15 (previously presented) A method according to claim 13, wherein the laser gas

is an excimer laser gas.

Claim 16 (previously presented) A method according to claim 13, wherein the bore

extends radially through the first end wall.

Claim 17 (previously presented) A method according to claim 13, wherein the optical

element comprises an optical element selected from the group consisting of a fully reflective

mirror, a partially transparent, partially reflective mirror, and a fully transparent window.

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Claim 18 (previously presented) A method for installing a dust repelling unit for a laser

optical element of a gas laser comprising a tube having a first end wall at one end and a second

end wall at the other end and defining a cavity for containing a laser gas, a laser resonating path

substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis of the tube and along which coherent light can

resonate, and a laser optical element disposed in the laser resonating path and having a first side

exposed to the cavity formed by the tube, wherein the first end wall has a port aligned with the

resonating path and a bore hole for installing the dust repelling unit therethrough, and the optical

element is mounted to the first end wall in alignment with the port, and wherein the dust

repelling unit for the optical element comprises (1) a high-voltage duct comprising a high-

voltage conducting core having a first end and a second end and an insulator element disposed

around the core having an outer diameter which is less than the diameter of the bore hole, the

first end of the core being connectable to the high voltage power supply, and (2) a closed wire

loop electrically connected to the second end of the high-voltage core and having a diameter

greater than the diameter of the bore, the method comprising the steps of:

flattening the wire loop into an elongated shape so that the width of the wire loop is

smaller that the diameter of the bore;

inserting the dust repelling unit, wire loop end first, through the bore until the elongated

wire loop is inside the tube and at least a portion of the high-voltage duct is within the bore;

expanding the elongated wire loop to a desired form which is transverse to the resonating

path; and

positioning the wire loop of desired form so that it is in proximity to the first side of the

optical element and the laser resonating path passes through the wire loop.

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Claim 19 (previously presented) A method for installing a dust repelling unit for a laser

optical element of a gas laser comprising a tube having a first end wall at one end and a second

end wall and a bore hole extending through the first end wall, wherein the dust repelling unit for

the optical element comprises (1) a high-voltage duct comprising a high-voltage conducting core

having a first end and a second end and an insulator element disposed around the core having a

diameter which is less than the bore hole in the first end wall of the tube, the first end of the core

being connectable to the high voltage power supply, and (2) a flattened closed wire loop

electrically connected to the second end of the high-voltage core having a diameter smaller than

the bore diameter, but which is capable of being expanded to a diameter greater than the bore

diameter, the method comprising the steps of:

inserting the wire loop through the bore until the elongated wire loop is inside the tube;

expanding the elongated wire loop to a desired form which has a diameter greater than

the bore diameter and which is transverse to a laser resonating path that is substantially parallel

to the longitudinal axis of the tube; and

positioning the wire loop of desired form so that it is in proximity to an optical element

disposed in the laser resonating path and so that the laser resonating path passes through the wire

loop.

Claim 20 (previously presented) The dust repelling unit of claim 1 wherein the wire

loop is circular in form.